

# NAG C Library Function Document

## nag\_rngs\_triangular (g05lhc)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_rngs\_triangular (g05lhc) generates a vector of pseudo-random numbers from a triangular distribution with arguments  $x_{\min}$ ,  $x_{\max}$  and  $x_{\text{med}}$ .

### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg05.h>
```

```
void nag_rngs_triangular (double xmin, double xmax, double xmed, Integer n,
    double x[], Integer igen, Integer iseed[], NagError *fail)
```

### 3 Description

The triangular distribution has a PDF (probability density function) that is triangular in profile. The base of the triangle ranges from  $x = x_{\min}$  to  $x = x_{\max}$  and the PDF has a maximum value of  $\frac{2}{x_{\max} - x_{\min}}$  at  $x = x_{\text{med}}$ . If  $x_{\min} = x_{\text{med}} = x_{\max}$  then  $x = x_{\text{med}}$  with probability 1; otherwise the triangular distribution has PDF:

$$f(x) = \frac{x - x_{\min}}{x_{\text{med}} - x_{\min}} \times \frac{2}{x_{\max} - x_{\min}} \quad \text{if } x_{\min} < x \leq x_{\text{med}},$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x_{\max} - x}{x_{\max} - x_{\text{med}}} \times \frac{2}{x_{\max} - x_{\min}} \quad \text{if } x_{\text{med}} < x \leq x_{\max},$$

$$f(x) = 0 \quad \text{otherwise.}$$

One of the initialization functions nag\_rngs\_init\_repeatable (g05kbc) (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or nag\_rngs\_init\_nonrepeatable (g05kcc) (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to nag\_rngs\_triangular (g05lhc).

### 4 References

Knuth D E (1981) *The Art of Computer Programming (Volume 2)* (2nd Edition) Addison–Wesley

### 5 Arguments

1: **xmin** – double *Input*  
 2: **xmax** – double *Input*

*On entry:* the end points  $x_{\min}$  and  $x_{\max}$  of the uniform distribution.

*Constraint:* **xmin** ≤ **xmax**.

3: **xmed** – double *Input*

*On entry:* the median of the distribution  $x_{\text{med}}$  (also the location of the vertex of the triangular distribution at which the PDF reaches a maximum).

*Constraint:* **xmin** ≤ **xmed** ≤ **xmax**.

- 4: **n** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the number of pseudo-random numbers to be generated.  
*Constraint:*  $n \geq 0$ .
- 5: **x**[*dim*] – double *Output*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **x** must be at least  $\max(1, n)$ .  
*On exit:* the  $n$  pseudo-random numbers from the specified triangular distribution.
- 6: **igen** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* must contain the identification number for the generator to be used to return a pseudo-random number and should remain unchanged following initialization by a prior call to one of the functions `nag_rngs_init_repeatable` (g05kbc) or `nag_rngs_init_nonrepeatable` (g05kcc).
- 7: **iseed**[4] – Integer *Input/Output*  
*On entry:* contains values which define the current state of the selected generator.  
*On exit:* contains updated values defining the new state of the selected generator.
- 8: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*  
The NAG error argument (see Section 2.6 of the Essential Introduction).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument  $\langle value \rangle$  had an illegal value.

### NE\_INT

On entry, **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint:  $n \geq 0$ .

### NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

### NE\_REAL\_2

On entry, **xmed** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **xmax** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint: **xmed**  $\leq$  **xmax**.

On entry, **xmed** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **xmin** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint: **xmed**  $\geq$  **xmin**.

On entry, **xmin** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **xmax** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint: **xmin**  $\leq$  **xmax**.

## 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

## 8 Further Comments

None.

## 9 Example

The example program prints five pseudo-random numbers from a triangular distribution with arguments  $x_{\min} = -1.0$ ,  $x_{\max} = 1.0$  and  $x_{\text{med}} = 0.5$ , generated by a single call to `nag_rngs_triangular` (g05lhc), after initialization by `nag_rngs_init_repeatabl` (g05kbc).

### 9.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_rngs_triangular (g05lhc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 7, 2001.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg05.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer igen, j, m;
    Integer exit_status=0;
    NagError fail;

    /* Arrays */
    double *x=0;
    Integer iseed[4];

    INIT_FAIL(fail);
    Vprintf("nag_rngs_triangular (g05lhc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    m = 5;
    /* Allocate memory */
    if ( !(x = NAG_ALLOC(m, double)) )
    {
        Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Initialise the seed to a repeatable sequence */
    iseed[0] = 1762543;
    iseed[1] = 9324783;
    iseed[2] = 42344;
    iseed[3] = 742355;
    /* igen identifies the stream. */
    igen = 1;
    /* nag_rngs_init_repeatabl (g05kbc).
     * Initialize seeds of a given generator for random number
     * generating functions (that pass seeds explicitly) to give
     * a repeatable sequence
     */
    nag_rngs_init_repeatabl(&igen, iseed);

    /* nag_rngs_triangular (g05lhc).
     * Generates a vector of random numbers from a triangular
     * distribution, seeds and generator number passed
     * explicitly
     */
    nag_rngs_triangular(-1.0, 1.0, 0.5, m, x, igen, iseed, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        Vprintf("Error from nag_rngs_triangular (g05lhc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
}

```

```
for (j = 0; j < m; ++j)
{
    vprintf("%10.4f\n", x[j]);
}
END:
if (x) NAG_FREE(x);
return exit_status;
}
```

## 9.2 Program Data

None.

## 9.3 Program Results

nag\_rngs\_triangular (g05lhc) Example Program Results

```
-0.4823
0.7786
0.1042
0.4932
0.7759
```

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